PROJECT CHARTER - Phase 3

Project Name: __STAGEnet Infrastructure Services (SIS 2006)

Agency: _Information Technology Department (ITD)

Business Unit/Program Area: __Telecommunications

Project Sponsor: Jerry Fossum

Project Manager: _Dirk Huggett

Date: __2/03/2006

Version: 2.02 Final

Project Background:

ITD performed a procurement that obtained a contract for a new network structure for the statewide network known as STAGEnet. This design should be able to grow with the state's needs over the next five to seven years. More details can be found in the attached Business Case.

Project Scope

This project will focus on implementation of the backbone infrastructure. This includes design and setup of the four core systems, connectivity of ATM and fiber access to the core, installation of fiber between UND and DCN's East Grand Forks facility. It also includes several preparatory projects that better align conversion efforts or free up equipment for reuse during the conversion.

Items not in scope include expanded connectivity to the Sprint POP, 2nd Data Center networking, or anything to do with general network access with the exception of how to attach those points to the core system noted above.

Project Objectives

Deliverables include:

- · A project kickoff meeting;
- · A project plan & detailed schedule;
- · Installation of four core nodes with minimal downtime.

Required Resources:

Below is a table with resources and the estimated amount of time expected of each.

Role	Name, Position	Entity	Est. hours
Executive Steering Committee	TBD, CIO	ITD	4
	Mike Ressler, Acting CIO	ITD	4
	Dan Sipes, Director	ITD Accounting & Administration	4
	Jerry Fossum, Director	ITD - Telecommunication Services	4
	Grant Crawford, CIO	ND University Systems	4
	Dan Pullen, Director	Education Technology Council	4
Executive Sponsor	Jerry Fossum, Director	ITD - Telecommunication Services	40
Project Manager	Dirk Huggett, IT Business Analyst		
Technical	Glen Rutherford, IT	ITD - Telecommunication	1000

Role	Name, Position	Entity	Est. hours
Project Lead	Architect	Services	X 2012
Business Project Lead	Brandy Peterson, Administrative Assistant II	ITD - Telecommunication Services	200
	Tim DeGraff	ITD - Telecommunication Services	575
Functional Management	Darrin Lee	ITD - Telecommunication Services	575
	Kim White	ITD - Telecommunication Services	575
Staff	Various Telecom Staff	ITD - Telecommunication Services	Unknown

Constraints:

There are several constraints on this project.

- · There is no contingency funding in the budget.
- Must work closely with DCN. Many activities will be dependant upon the one of the multiple groups completing a task.

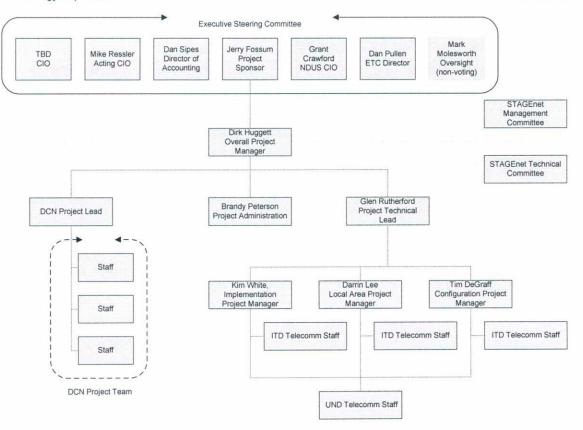
Assumptions:

These are the factors that, for planning purposes, are considered to be true, real, or certain.

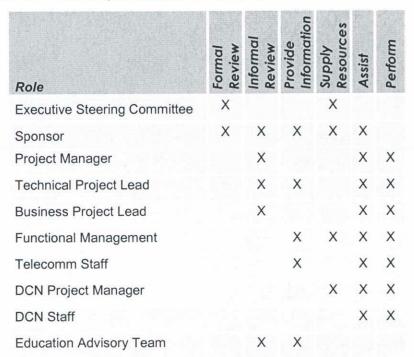
- Staff resources will be assigned to the project at required times and at the required percentage of time.
- The factor driving the timeline is fall registration for the university system. The system should be stable by August 14.
- There is a six week lag between ordering and receiving of equipment.
- Bismarck Metro Fiber project will be completed prior to conversion.

Project Authority:

This section of the Project Charter describes the levels of Authority to the project. It identifies who is involved with the project and their expected authority, who has the ability to resolve decision conflicts, and who will provide overall direction to project efforts. Below you will find a basic organization chart for the project.



This table defines the roles and responsibilities for the project.



Preliminary Budget

The project budget is \$525,000 for this phase of the project. This number includes the costs of telecomm staff, equipment, project management and travel costs.

Preliminary Schedule

Below is the preliminary schedule for the project.

#	Milestone	Start Date	End Date
1	Project Planning	12/22/05	03/05/06
2	Preparatory Projects	02/03/06	06/01/06
3	DCN turnover of ring		06/12/06
4	Convert Backbone	06/12/06	08/07/06
5	Project Close Out	08/14/06	09/30/06

This charter recognizes the need for the existence of the project and authorizes the project manager to apply resources and control the project within the scope defined in this document. Any changes outside of the scope described here will need to follow appropriate change control processes and be approved by the Executive Steering Committee.

processes and be approved by the Executive Second	9 0011111111111111	
Project Charter Approval		
Project Sponsor Name: Jerry Fossum	Action: Approve:	Reject:
Comments:		
Project Sponsor Signature: If the Sponsor is rejecting the charter, he/she must indicate the lacceptance of the Project Charter (including securing individual responsor Signature line and the approval date on the Date line.	Date: 2/23/06 reason in the Comments field. The Sponsor in esources) by providing his/her signature on	indicates final
Agreement to Secure Required Resources		
Approver Name: Mike Ressler	Role: Acting CIO	
Approver Comments:		
Approver Signature: Mike Rasla	Date: 2/24/06	
The approver is a member of Performing Organization Manageme	ent. He/she indicates his/her agreement to p	provide require

The approver is a member of Performing Organization Management. He/she indicates his/her agreement to provide required resources for the project by providing his/her Approver Signature and the approval Date. NOTE: Duplicate the Approver Information section on this template if more than one approval signature is required.

PROJECT BUSINESS CASE

Project Name: STAGEnet Infrastructure Services	
Project Short Name: SIS 2006	
Agency: Information Technology Department (ITD)	
Business Unit/Program Area:Telecommunications	
Type of Project: Major enhancement/upgrade	
Date:02/14/2006_	
Version: 2.02 (Final)	

This document is an update of the original SIS 2006 Business Case. It focuses on what was identified as Phase 3, the implementation of the acquired infrastructure.

Project Description:

ITD attempted to rebid the network infrastructure for the state network known as STAGEnet. Three RFPs were released relating to Wireless Voice and Data, Equipment, and a Network RFP containing sections for Backbone, Access, and Internet Access.

No award was given on the Wireless RFP. The state simply renewed the current contract through March of 2007. Equipment contracts were awarded and put into place for three vendors. No other actions are necessary in this phase of the project. Sprint won the Internet Access bid and a new contract is in place. No changes are currently being made to the service provided so there will be no steps in this phase related to that area. DCN, our current provider, was the only provider who bid on the Backbone and Access portions of the contract. Access will not change directly. The vendor will upgrade the equipment in the field for EDLS circuits over the next 5 years but that will be at their timing and has no impact on Phase 3 of this project. There may be some change on how the circuits access the backbone but that change will be managed as part of the backbone upgrade.

So Phase 3 will consist of upgrading the backbone.

Business Need/Problem:

In the years during the current contract, technology has changed and the needs of the state have also increased. The network contract is designed so that the network can grow with the state's needs over the next seven to ten years.

Some of the challenges the state is currently facing are:

- The overall network population and number of sites continue to grow.
- The network core has expanded and requires an architectural review for overall capacity.
- The demand for Virtual Private Networking (VPN) challenges the current design.
- Customer demand for bandwidth continues to grow.
- Video services continue to expand across the state.
- ATM services have been reduced with recent migrations to fiber.
- Universities have to limit Internet access due to current network costs/constraints.
- Applications are requiring increased bandwidth and lower latency (such as ConnectND and the Retirement and Investment Office's TTFR project.)
- Network security continues to demand changes and reconfigurations.
- The backbone is currently only accessible in Bismarck and Fargo while the demand for backbone access in other sites is increasing.
- Homeland security issues have brought new concerns to the network with respect to expanding disaster recovery, redundant connectivity, and possibly additional network hubs.
- IP Telephony and Voice-over IP (VoIP) is beginning to be used in state government.

The new network design should address all of those needs.

The customers impacted by this include all of state government, the North Dakota university system, K-12 entities, and many political subdivisions.

Solution:

The state has chosen to go with a four-node backbone consisting of Bismarck, Fargo, Grand Forks, and Minot. DCN will provide four 1 Gbps Ethernet ports in each of those locations. DCN will provide the core network consisting of an RPR ring expandable up to 10 Gbps of bandwidth. The state has access to provision within the RPR ring as needed. Part of the solution is the design of the aggregate access points connection to the backbone.

Consistency/Fit with Organization's Mission:

NDCC 54-59-08 requires ITD to provide wide area network services to all agencies, counties, cities, and school districts. This contract is for the infrastructure of that service.

Cost Benefit Analysis

Anticipated Benefits:

The implementation of the new network will realize several benefits. More details can be found in the project document DCN Selection.

- Increased bandwidth Currently the state has about 300 Mbps in bandwidth across the backbone. This
 solution brings us up to 4 Gbps; an increase of about 12 times.
- Improved provisioning This solution will allow the state to manage the provisioning as needed within the RPR ring provided to us. This eliminates the delays & costs in requesting those changes from DCN.
- Expanded backbone Adding Grand Forks and Minot will not only improve service in those cities, but also shorten the amount of time it takes for the other nearby connections to reach the high-speed backbone. This design gives the four core cities the equivalent of a Local Area Network (LAN).
- Scalability The solution provides the ability to expand the core system from the currently proposed 4
 cities to other major cities as needed and funding becomes available.
- Improving availability of services to other DCN customers DCN felt this model was the one they could
 best offer to other customers. Therefore with the state again being the anchor tenet for a service solution,
 they could afford to offer the same service to other entities around the state improving the "connectability"
 of the state.

Cost Estimate:

Project costs are currently budgeted between \$300,000 to \$400,000 in equipment expenditures. Other anticipated expenses include Project Management time, staff time, and travel costs.

Cost/Benefit Analysis:

Again, a detailed analysis can be found in the DCN Selection document. In summary:

- Project implementation costs are only a small percentage of the service costs.
- The three primary research universities will be on the backbone and will have a significant increase of bandwidth available to them at a cost significantly lower than providing the same bandwidth levels under the current structure.
- Reduced provisioning costs and timing The current process entails a fee to make changes to circuits
 and the inherent delays in having someone else perform the tasks. With the ability of state staff to
 perform those changes, most of those costs and delays will be eliminated.
- Economic Development It is impossible to measure a true C/B ratio on this, but DCN feels confident that
 this solution gives them the most cost effective way to deliver this technological advancement to other
 clients in the state.

Project Risks:

Risk 1: Site upgrade fails. **Mitigation:** Ensure there are adequate backout procedures to reinstate the original configuration.

Risk 2: Loss of critical staff members. Mitigation: Perform detailed planning and scheduling so that alternate staff can be assigned to tasks.

- **Risk 3:** Weather Some of the work may be scheduled during times where a significant weather event is likely and could impact the ability to travel as needed. **Mitigation:** Add some slack to tasks most likely to be impacted by a weather event.
- **Risk 4:** Migration causes significant outages for customers. **Mitigation:** Any transitions will need to be carefully planned to minimize the impact to the customer. Back-out processes will need to be planned in advance.
- **Risk 5:** Equipment costs are greater than budgeted. **Mitigation:** Plan out equipment costs prior to execution of project.
- **Risk 6:** DCN fails to meet deadline to turn the RPR ring over. **Mitigation:** Plan out several contingency schedules based on compressing timelines from June 1 start to a July 15 start. Failure of DCN to provide the ring by July 15 would likely require a complete re-plan of the project.